Introduction

Our project was on the effects of salinity on Daphnia and how global warming causes salt water to pollute our freshwater sources. With global warming rapidly occurring, salt water is steadily intruding into our fresh water sources. We were curious about the effects and the possible detriments of this event. Saltwater intrusion is one of the biggest telltale signs that sea levels are in fact rising. Daphnia live in mainly freshwater habitats. They are bioindicators which means they are excellent indicators of whether something is wrong with an environment. These factors all contribute to Daphnia being the best test subject for our

experiment.



Research Question

How high of a tolerance do Daphnia have for salinity?

Our purpose was to better understand the effect of salinity on organisms like Daphnia and how climate change may affect them.

Hypothesis

We think that small contents of salt will be fine, but when we reach 2% they will die.



The Effects of Salinity on Daphia By: Bertie Middle School Students

State Climate Office of North Carolina

Procedures

Set up our tanl

ransferred the Daphnia to the new

ut controlled amounts of them into 1% salt. 2%

We used a microscope to count their heart beats

We analyzed the data

Materials and Methods

Data

| Daphnia | Time | Spring Water | 1% Salt Water | 2% Salt Water | 5% Salt Water |
|---------|----------|--------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|
| | | Beats | | | |
| 1 | 1 minute | 138 | 189 | 190 | 205 |
| 2 | 1 minute | 177 | 178 | 100 | 220 |
| 3 | 1 minute | 156 | 190 | 189 | 230 |
| 4 | 1 minute | 159 | 163 | 162 | 210 |
| 5 | 1 minute | 153 | 100 | 173 | 235 |
| 6 | 1 minute | 151 | 224 | 126 | 220 |
| 7 | 1 minute | 167 | 100 | 187 | 208 |
| 8 | 1 minute | 156 | 99 | 234 | 205 |
| 9 | 1 minute | 146 | 100 | 147 | 190 |
| 10 | 1 minute | 189 | 189 | 110 | 256 |
| 11 | 1 minute | 200 | 125 | 177 | 205 |
| 12 | 1 minute | 167 | 211 | 176 | 146 |
| 13 | 1 minute | 171 | 129 | 231 | 189 |
| 14 | 1 minute | 189 | 146 | 179 | 176 |
| 15 | 1 minute | 170 | 123 | 105 | 138 |
| 16 | 1 minute | 120 | 148 | 152 | 121 |
| 17 | 1 minute | 146 | 142 | 233 | 269 |
| 18 | 1 minute | 110 | 158 | 149 | 168 |
| 19 | 1 minute | 137 | 123 | 131 | 152 |
| 20 | 1 minute | 183 | 171 | 109 | 140 |
| | | | | | |
| Average | | 159.25 | 150.4 | 163 | 194.15 |
| | | 1E7 E | 147 | 167 E | 205 |

Comparision of Daphnia heartbeat in different salt concentrations





We think there is a lot more to test. It should beconsidered that our data can always be built upon. We could have done better by completing more tests. The average heartbeat showed that 5% salt water is a stressor.





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Results

Our Daphnia survived in a concentrations of water hey got more and more essed as the tests ogressed. 1% slightly celerated their heart bea like 5% where it rapidl creased. This was an sightful project.





Discussion

We would like to thank the Burroughs Wellcome Student Science Enrichment Program, the NC State Climate Office, Mrs. Snow, Ms. Dano and Mrs. Karl for their help on this project.



Conclusion

Our hypothesis was only partially correct. The Daphnia survived in all concentrations of salt water, but were stressed out in the higher concentrations.

References

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